Listing of the Claims

The following Listing of the Claims replaces all previous listings and version of the claims in the application.

- 1. (Withdrawn) An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a nucleic acid sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to presented as SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof;
- (b) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
- (c) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
- (d) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
- (e) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);

wherein said isolated polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the biological activity of a cellulase and wherein the identity is determined by the CLUSTAL-W program in MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.

- 2. (Withdrawn) An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a nucleic acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof;
- (b) a nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes, under high stringency conditions to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement or a fragment thereof.
- a nucleic acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2, or the complement thereof; and

 (d) a nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes, under high stringency conditions to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2, or the complement or a fragment thereof.

wherein said isolated polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the biological activity of a cellulase and wherein hybridization is conducted at 42 °C in 50% formamide, 6X SSC, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100 µg/ml denatured carrier DNA followed by washing two times in 2X SSPE and 0.5% SDS at room temperature and two additional times in 0.1 SSPE and 0.5% SDS at 42 °C.

- (Withdrawn) The isolated nucleotide of claim 1 wherein the nucleotide is selected from the group mRNA, DNA, cDNA, genomic DNA, and an antisense analog thereof.
- (Withdrawn) The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 3, wherein said polynucleotide is an RNA molecule.
- (Withdrawn) The isolated polynucleotide of claim 1 encoding an enzyme having cellulase activity, wherein the enzyme is isolated from a *Trichoderma* source.
- (Withdrawn) The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 5, wherein the enzyme is isolated from *Trichoderma reesei*.
- 7. (Withdrawn) An expression construct comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding an amino acid sequence having cellulase activity and (i) having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in SEQ ID NO:3, or (ii) being capable of hybridizing to a probe designed to hybridize with the nucleotide sequence disclosed in Figure 2 under conditions of intermediate to high stringency, or (iii) being complementary to a nucleotide sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to a nucleotide sequence encoding the amino acid sequence presented in SEQ ID NO:3 wherein the identity is determined by the CLUSTAL-W program in MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.
 - 8. (Withdrawn) A expression vector comprising the polynucleotide of Claim 1.

- (Withdrawn) A expression vector comprising an isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1, operably linked to control sequences recognized by a host cell transformed with the vector.
- 10. (Withdrawn) An expression vector according to Claim 9 comprising a regulatory polynucleotide sequence including a promoter sequence derived from a glucose isomerase gene of Actinoplanes, a signal sequence derived from a Streptomyces cellulase gene, and a polynucleotide sequence encoding a BagCel cellulase.
 - 11. (Withdrawn) A vector comprising the expression construct of Claim 8.
 - 12. (Withdrawn) A host cell transformed with the vector of Claim 8.
 - 13. (Withdrawn) The host cell of Claim 12, which is a prokaryotic cell.
 - 14. (Withdrawn) The host cell of Claim 12, which is a eukaryotic cell.
- 15. (Currently amended) A substantially purified BagGel cellulase polypeptide with the biological activity of a cellulase, comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID-NQ:3);
 - (b)—an amino-acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid-sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ-ID-NO:3);
 - (ea) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3); and
 - (db) an the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
 - (e) a substantially purified biologically active fragment of the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ-ID-NO:3
- wherein the identity is determined by the CLUSTAL-W program in MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.

- 16. (Currently amended) The substantially purified BagCel cellulase of claim 15, pelypeptide or a derivative is provided which is obtainable from a Bacillus.
 - 17. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a cellulase comprising the steps of:
 - (a) culturing the host cell according to claim 12 in a suitable culture medium under suitable conditions to produce the cellulase;
 - (b) obtaining said produced cellulase.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17 wherein the host cell is a filamentous fungi or yeast cell.
 - 19. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17 wherein the host cell is a bacterium.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the bacterium is a Streptomyces.
- (Currently amended) A purified enzyme having cellulase activity prepared by the method of Claim 17
- (a) culturing a host cell transformed with an expression vector in a suitable culture medium under suitable conditions to produce the cellulase; and
 (b) obtaining said produced cellulase,
 - wherein the expression vector comprises a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a nucleic acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to presented as SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof;
 - (ii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3); and
 - (iii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an cellulase polypeptide having the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
- wherein said polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the biological activity of a cellulase and wherein the identity is determined by the CLUSTAL-W program in

MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.

- (Withdrawn) A recombinant host cell comprising a deletion or insertion or other alteration in the BagCel gene which inactivates the gene and prevents BagCel polyopptide production.
- 23. (Withdrawn) An antisense oligonucleotide complementary to a messenger RNA that encodes an BagCel polypeptide having the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:3, wherein upon exposure to a cellulase-producing host cell, said oligonucleotide decreases or inhibits the production of cellulase by said host cell.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The antisense oligonucleotide of Claim 23, wherein the host cell is a filamentous fungi.
- 25. (Currently amended) A detergent composition, said composition comprising a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amine acid sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to the amine acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID-NO:3);
 - (b) an amine acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the amine acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
 - (ea) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3);
 - (db) an the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO:3); and (ec) a substantially purified biologically active fragment of the amino acid
 - sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:3;

wherein the identity is determined by the CLUSTAL-W program in MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.

26. (Currently amended) A detergent composition comprising a surfactant and a the cellulase according to Claim 15.

- 27. (Previously presented) The detergent according to claim 25, wherein said detergent is a laundry detergent.
- 28. (Previously presented) The detergent according to claim 25, wherein said detergent is a dish detergent.
- 29. (Currently amended) A feed additive comprising a <u>the</u> cellulase according to claim 15.
- 30. (Withdrawn) A method of treating wood pulp comprising contacting said wood pulp with a cellulase according to claim 15.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A method of converting biomass to sugars comprising contacting said biomass with a cellulase according to claim 15.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 31 further comprising the generation of high fructose corn-syrup
- 33. (Withdrawn) A method of producing ethanol, said method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting a biomass composition with an enzymatic composition comprising BagCel to yield a sugar solution;
 - (b) adding to the sugar solution a fermentative microorganism; and
 - (c) culturing the fermentative microorganism under conditions sufficient to produce ethanol,
 - 33. (Withdrawn) A method of identifying novel enzymes comprising:
 - (a) isolating total microbial community DNA from an environment:
 - (b) constructing a genomic DNA library in E.coli;
 - (c) screening the library for expression of cellulase activity;
 - (d) identifying the cellulase gene in the cellulase-positive clone; and
 - (e) characterising the novel cellulase enzyme.